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NEWS 18 May 15 Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated  
NEWS 19 May 19 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA  
NEWS 20 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation  
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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPAT2' ENTERED AT 12:12:54 ON 29 JUL 2003  
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s obesity and dihydropyrimidin?  
L1 51 OBESITY AND DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?

=> s 11 and pd<1999  
4 FILES SEARCHED...  
'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
9 FILES SEARCHED...  
'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
16 FILES SEARCHED...  
'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
22 FILES SEARCHED...  
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'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
'1999' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
34 FILES SEARCHED...

L2 5 L1 AND PD<1999

=> d 12 1-5 bib, ab, kwic

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 5 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V. on STN  
AN 76078116 EMBASE  
DN 1976078116  
TI ['Minvitin' as dietary therapy of **obesity**].  
LA MINVITINE, TRAITEMENT DIETETIQUE DE L'OBESITE.  
AU Dufrasne M.; Masson J.M.  
CS Univ. Liege, Belgium  
SO Ars Medici Revue Internationale de Therapie Pratique, (1975)  
30/6 (1023-1033).  
CODEN: AMNVCC  
DT Journal  
FS 037 Drug Literature Index  
006 Internal Medicine  
LA French  
TI ['Minvitin' as dietary therapy of **obesity**].  
LA MINVITINE, TRAITEMENT DIETETIQUE DE L'OBESITE.  
SO Ars Medici Revue Internationale de Therapie Pratique, (1975)  
30/6 (1023-1033).  
CODEN: AMNVCC  
CT Medical Descriptors:  
\*anxiety  
\*body weight  
\*constipation  
\*diet  
\*feeding behavior  
\*obesity  
\*drug therapy  
therapy  
oral drug administration  
\*dihydropyrimidinase  
RN (dihydropyrimidinase) 9030-74-4

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 5 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 IFI on STN

AN 2111786 IFIPAT;IFIUDB;IFICDB  
TI PYRAZOLOPYRIDINE COMPOUND AND PROCESSES FOR PREPARATION THEREOF  
INF Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, JP  
Katayama, Hirohito, Nishinomiya, JP  
Mitsunaga, Takafumi, Ashiya, JP  
Shiokawa, Youichi, Ibaraki, JP  
IN Akahane Atsushi (JP); Katayama Hirohito (JP); Mitsunaga Takafumi (JP);  
Shiokawa Youichi (JP)  
PAF Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co, Ltd, Osaka, JP  
PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co Ltd JP (32600)  
EXNAM Lee, Mary C  
EXNAM Dentz, Bernard I  
AG Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt  
PI US 4985444 19910115 (CITED IN 005 LATER PATENTS)  
AI US 1990-466929 19900118  
XPD 18 Jan 2010  
PRAI GB 1989-1423 19890123  
FI US 4985444 19910115  
DT UTILITY  
FS CHEMICAL  
GRANTED  
MRN 005496 MFN: 0161  
CLMN 16  
AB The invention relates to pyrazolopyridine compounds for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infection, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient ischemic attack or angina pectoris, said compounds being of the formula

D R A W I N G

wherein R1 is aryl, and R2 is unsaturated heterocyclic group which contains at least one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

PI US 4985444 19910115 (CITED IN 005 LATER PATENTS)  
AB The invention relates to pyrazolopyridine compounds for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infection, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient. . .  
ACLM 3. A compound of claim 2, wherein R1 is phenyl, and R2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have one or more suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . .  
4. A compound of claim 3, wherein R2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have 1 to 4 suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . .  
5. A compound of claim 4, wherein R2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have 1 to 4 suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . .  
. . . pyrimidinyl which may have 1 suitable substituent selected from a group consisting of lower alkyl, amino, halogen and lower alkoxy; **dihydropyrimidinyl** which may have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s)

selected from a group consisting of lower alkoxy carbonyl(lower)alkyl and oxo; pyridyl which. . . .  
15. A method for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infarction, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient. . . .

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1998:75675 USPATFULL  
TI Pyrazolopyridine adenosine antagonists  
IN Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, Japan  
Nishimura, Shintaro, Osaka, Japan  
Itani, Hiromichi, Hyogo, Japan  
Durkin, Kieran P. M., Folsom, CA, United States  
PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5773530 19980630 <--  
WO 9518128 19950706 <--  
AI US 1996-663119 19960913 (8)  
WO 1994-JP2230 19941226  
19960913 PCT 371 date  
19960913 PCT 102(e) date  
PRAI GB 1993-26524 19931229  
GB 1994-4323 19940304  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shah, Mukund J.; Assistant Examiner: Coleman, Brenda  
LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 10  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 4147  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to a novel pyrazolopyridine compound of the following formula: ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and R.sup.2 is cyclo(lower)alkyl which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), etc; and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which is useful as a medicament; the processes for the preparation of said pyrazolopyridine compound or a salt thereof; a pharmaceutical composition comprising said pyrazolopyridine compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; etc.  
PI US 5773530 19980630 <--  
WO 9518128 19950706 <--  
SUMM . . . edema, nephrotic edema, hepatic edema, idiopathic edema, drug edema, acute angioneurotic edema, hereditary angioneurotic edema, carcinomatous ascites, gestational edema, etc); **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, ulcer such as peptic ulcer (e.g. gastric ulcer, duodenal ulcer). . . .  
SUMM . . . or more suitable substituent(s)" may include azepinyl (e.g. 1H-azepinyl, etc) pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl and its N-oxide, dihydropyridyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl** (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**, etc), tetrahydropyrimidinyl (e.g. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidinyl, etc), pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc), tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl) and the like;

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 92:84872 USPATFULL

TI Method of treatment using pyrazolopyridine compound  
 IN Shiokawa, Youichi, Ibaraki, Japan  
 Akahane, Atsushi, Kawabe, Japan  
 Katayama, Hirohito, Nishinomiya, Japan  
 Mitsunaga, Takafumi, Ashiya, Japan  
 PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Company, Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S.  
 corporation)  
 PI US 5155114 19921013 <--  
 AI US 1991-715460 19910614 (7)  
 DCD 20080115  
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-626009, filed on 18 Jan 1990,  
 now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US  
 1990-466929, filed on 12 Dec 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 4985444,  
 issued on 15 Jan 1991  
 PRAI GB 1989-1423 19890123  
 DT Utility  
 FS Granted  
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Dentz, Bernard  
 LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 1  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN No Drawings  
 LN.CNT 2525  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The invention relates to a method for the prevention and/or treatment of  
 renal toxicity, nephrosis or nephritis, which comprises administering a  
 pyrazolopyridine compound of the formula: ##STR1## wherein R.<sup>1</sup> is  
 aryl, and  
 R.<sup>2</sup> is unsaturated heterocyclic group which contains at least one  
 heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which may  
 have one or more suitable substituent(s), or a pharmaceutically  
 acceptable salt thereof to a human being or an animal.  
 PI US 5155114 19921013 <--  
 SUMM . . . edema, nephrotic edema, hepatic edema, idiopathic edema, drug  
 edema, acute angioneurotic edema, hereditary angioneurotic edema,  
 carcinomatous ascites, gestational edema, etc.), **obesity**,  
 bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome,  
 immunosuppression, diabetes, ulcer such as peptic ulcer (e.g. gastric  
 ulcer, duodenal ulcer, . . .  
 SUMM . . . example, azepinyl (e.g. 1H-azepinyl, etc.) pyrrolyl,  
 pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl (e.g.  
 1,2-dihydropyridyl, 1,4-dihydropyridyl, etc.), tetrahydropyridyl (e.g.  
 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl, etc.) pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**  
 (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**, etc.), pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl,  
 dihydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridazinyl,  
 etc.), tetrahydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazinyl, etc.)  
 triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl,  
 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.), tetrazolyl (e.g. . . .  
 SUMM . . . 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), the much more  
 preferred one may be pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl,  
 tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**,  
 pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl and  
 imidazothiadiazolyl, and the most preferred one may be pyridazinyl,  
 2,3-dihydropyridazinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridazinyl, 2,3,4,5-  
 tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**,  
 pyridyl, 1,2-dihydropyridyl, 1,4-dihydropyridyl, 1,2,3,6-  
 tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl, and imidazo[2,1-b][1,3,4]thiadiazolyl.  
 SUMM . . . 4-oxo-1,4-dihydropyridine, etc.), dihydropyridine having oxo  
 (e.g. 2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridine, 4-oxo-1,2,3,4-  
 tetrahydropyridine, etc.), tetrahydropyridine having oxo (e.g.  
 2-oxopiperidine, 4-oxopiperidine, etc.), pyrimidine having oxo (e.g.

2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrimidine, etc.), dihydropyrimidine having oxo (e.g. 4-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine, etc.), pyrazine having oxo (e.g. 2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrazine, etc.), pyridazone having oxo (e.g. 3-oxo-3,4-dihydropyridazine, etc.), dihydropyridazine having oxo.

SUMM . . . ring, for example, azepine (e.g. 1H-azepine, etc.) imidazole, pyrazole, pyridine, dihydropyridine (e.g. 3,4-dihydropyridine, 5,6-dihydropyridine, etc.), tetrahydropyridine (e.g. 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine, etc.) pyrimidine, **dihydropyrimidine** (e.g. 1,2-dihydropyrimidine, etc.), pyrazine, pyridazine, dihydropyridazine (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazine, 1,4-dihydropyridazine, etc.), tetrahydropyridazine (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazine, etc.), triazole (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazole, 1H-1,2,3-triazole, 2H-1,2,3-triazole, etc.), tetrazole (e.g. . . .

SUMM . . . atom(s), for example, azepin-1-yl (e.g. 1H-azepin-1-yl, etc.) 1-pyrrolyl, 1-pyrrolinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrazolyl, dihydropyridin-1-yl (e.g. 1,2-dihydropyridin-1-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridin-1-yl, etc.), tetrahydropyridyl (e.g. 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl, etc.) **dihydropyrimidinyl** (e.g. 1,2-dihydropyrimidin-1-yl, etc.), dihydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridazin-1-yl, etc.), tetrahydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazin-2-yl, etc.) triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl, 1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl, 2H-1,2,3-triazol-2-yl, etc.), tetrazol (e.g. 1H-tetrazol-1-yl, 2H-tetrazol-2-yl, . . .

SUMM . . . containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), the more preferred one may be dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl and pyrazolyl, and the most preferred one may be 2,3-dihydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridazin-1-yl, 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,2-dihydropyrimidin-1-yl, 1,2-dihydropyridin-1-yl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl, and pyrazol-1-yl.

SUMM . . . as an eluent. The fractions containing the objective compound were combined and the solvent was evaporated in vacuo to give 3-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine (0.44 g).

SUMM 3-[2-Oxo-1,2-dihydropyrimidin-4-yl)-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 52.

SUMM 3-[1-(2-Methoxycarbonylethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl]-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN

AN 91:5140 USPATFULL

TI Pyrazolopyridine compound and processes for preparation thereof

IN Shiohara, Youichi, Ibaraki, Japan

Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, Japan

Katayama, Hirohito, Nishinomiya, Japan

Mitsunaga, Takafumi, Ashiya, Japan

PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 4985444 19910115 <--

AI US 1990-466929 19900118 (7)

PRAI GB 1989-1423 19890123

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lee, Mary C.; Assistant Examiner: Dentz, Bernard I.

LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt

CLMN Number of Claims: 16

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 2514

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to pyrazolopyridine compounds for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infection, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient ischemic attack or angina pectoris, said compounds being of the formula ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and R.sup.2 is unsaturated heterocyclic group which contains at least one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which may have one or more suitable substituent(s),

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

PI US 4985444 19910115 <--  
AB The invention relates to pyrazolopyridine compounds for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infection, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient. . .

SUMM . . . edema, nephrotic edema, hepatic edema, idiopathic edema, drug edema, acute angioneurotic edema, hereditary angioneurotic edema, carcinomatous ascites, gestational edema, etc.), **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infarction, thrombosis (e.g. arterial thrombosis, cerebral thrombosis, etc.), obstruction, . . .

SUMM . . . example, azepinyl (e.g. 1H-azepinyl, etc.) pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl (e.g. 1,2-dihydropyridyl, 1,4-dihydropyridyl, etc.), tetrahydropyridyl (e.g. 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl, etc.) pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl** (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**, etc.), pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridazinyl, etc.), tetrahydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazinyl, etc.) triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.), tetrazolyl (e.g. . . .

SUMM . . . 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), the much more preferred one may be pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl and imidazothiadiazolyl, and the most preferred one may be pyridazinyl, 2,3-dihydropyridazinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridazinyl, 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, 1,2-dihydropyridyl, 1,4-dihydropyridyl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl, and imidazo[2,1-b][1,3,4]thiadiazolyl.

SUMM . . . 4-oxo-1,4-dihydropyridine, etc.), dihydropyridine having oxo (e.g. 2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridine, 4-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridine, etc.), tetrahydropyridine having oxo (e.g. 2-oxopiperidine, 4-oxopiperidine, etc.), pyrimidine having oxo (e.g. 2-oxo-1,2-**dihydropyrimidine**, etc.), **dihydropyrimidine** having oxo (e.g. 4-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine, etc.), pyrazine having oxo (e.g. 2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrazine, etc.), pyridazine having oxo (e.g. 3-oxo-3,4-dihydropyridazine, etc.), dihydropyridazine having oxo. . .

SUMM . . . ring, for example, azepine (e.g. 1H-azepine, etc.) imidazole, pyrazole, pyridine, dihydropyridine (e.g. 3,4-dihydropyridine, 5,6-dihydropyridine, etc.), tetrahydropyridine (e.g. 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine, etc.) pyrimidine, **dihydropyrimidine** (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidine**, etc.), pyrazine, pyridazine, dihydropyridazine (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazine, 1,4-dihydropyridazine, etc.), tetrahydropyridazine (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazine, etc.), triazole (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazole, 1H-1,2,3-triazole, 2H-1,2,3-triazole, etc.), tetrazole. . .

SUMM . . . atom(s), for example, azepin-1-yl (e.g. 1H-azepin-1-yl, etc.) 1-pyrrolyl, 1-pyrrolinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrazolyl, dihydropyridin-1-yl (e.g. 1,2-dihydropyridin-1-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridin-1-yl, etc.), tetrahydropyridyl (e.g. 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl, etc.) **dihydropyrimidinyl** (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-1-yl**, etc.), dihydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3-dihydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridazin-1-yl, etc.), tetrahydropyridazinyl (e.g. 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazin-2-yl, etc.) triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazol-4-yl, 1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl, 2H-1,2,3-triazol-2-yl, etc.), tetrazol (e.g. 1H-tetrazol-1-yl, 2H-tetrazol-2-yl, . . . ).

SUMM . . . containing 1 to 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), the more preferred one may be dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl and pyrazolyl, and the most preferred one may be 2,3-dihydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridazin-1-yl, 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridazin-2-yl, 1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-1-yl**, 1,2-dihydropyridin-1-yl, 1,4-dihydropyridin-1-yl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl, and pyrazol-1-yl.

DETD . . . as an eluent. The fractions containing the objective compound were combined and the solvent was evaporated in vacuo to give 3-(2-oxo-1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-5-yl**)-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine (0.44 g).

DETD 3-(2-Oxo-1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-4-yl**)-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 52.

DETD 3-[1-(2-Methoxycarbonylethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-5-yl**]-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine

DETD 3-[1-(2-Methoxycarbonylethyl)-2-oxo-1,2-**dihydropyrimidin-4-yl**]-2-phenylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine

CLM What is claimed is:

3. A compound of claim 2, wherein R.sup.1 is phenyl, and R.sup.2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have one or more suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . . .

4. A compound of claim 3, wherein R.sup.2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have 1 to 4 suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . . .

5. A compound of claim 4, wherein R.sup.2 is pyridazinyl, dihydropyridazinyl, tetrahydropyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl**, pyridyl, dihydropyridyl, tetrahydropyridyl, pyrazolyl or imidazothiadiazolyl, each of which may have 1 to 4 suitable substituent(s) selected from a group. . . .

. . . pyrimidinyl which may have 1 suitable substituent selected from a group consisting of lower alkyl, amino, halogen and lower alkoxy; **dihydropyrimidinyl** which may have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s) selected from a group consisting of lower alkoxy carbonyl(lower)alkyl and oxo; pyridyl which. . . .

15. A method for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infarction, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient. . . .

=> d his

FILE 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, IFIPAT, IPA, JICST-EPLUS, KOSMET, LIFESCI, MEDICONF, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, NLDB, NUTRACEUT, ...' ENTERED AT 12:12:54 ON 29 JUL 2003

L1 51 S OBESITY AND DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?  
L2 5 S L1 AND PD<1999

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	26.59	85.78

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FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 29 Jul 2003 (20030729/PD)  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Jul 2003 (20030729/ED)  
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6601238  
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2003140390  
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 29 Jul 2003 (20030729/UPCA)  
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 29 Jul 2003 (20030729/PD)  
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2003  
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2003

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=> s obesity and dihydropyrimidin?  
8792 OBESITY  
635 DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?

L3 36 OBESITY AND DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?

=> d 13 1-36 bib, ab

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:201441 USPATFULL  
TI A2B adenosine receptor antagonists  
IN Kalla, Rao, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES  
Perry, Thao, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES  
Elzein, Elfatih, Fremont, CA, UNITED STATES  
Varkhedkar, Vaibhav, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES  
Li, Xiaofen, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Ibrahim, Prabha, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES  
Palle, Venkata, Gurgaon, INDIA  
Xiao, Dengming, Longmont, CO, UNITED STATES  
Zablocki, Jeff, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003139428 A1 20030724  
AI US 2002-290921 A1 20021108 (10)  
PRAI US 2001-348222P 20011109 (60)  
US 2002-401408P 20020805 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP Brian Lewis, CV Therapeutics, Inc., 3172 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, CA, 94304  
CLMN Number of Claims: 41  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 3235  
AB Disclosed are novel compounds that are A.sub.2B adenosine receptor antagonists, useful for treating various disease states, including asthma and diarrhea.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:188496 USPATFULL  
TI Inhibitors of glycogen synthase kinase 3  
IN Nuss, John M., Danville, CA, UNITED STATES  
Harrison, Stephen D., Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES  
Ring, David B., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Boyce, Rustum S., San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES  
Brown, Sean P., Emeryville, CA, UNITED STATES  
Goff, Dane A., Redwood City, CA, UNITED STATES  
Johnson, Kirk W., Moraga, CA, UNITED STATES  
Pfister, Keith B., El Cerrito, CA, UNITED STATES  
Ramurthy, Savithri, Walnut Creek, CA, UNITED STATES  
Renhowe, Paul A., Danville, CA, UNITED STATES  
Seely, Lynn, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES  
Subramanian, Sharadha, San Ramon, CA, UNITED STATES  
Wagman, Allan S., Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES  
Zhou, Xiaohui A., Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES  
PA Chiron Corporation (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2003130289 A1 20030710  
AI US 2002-309535 A1 20021203 (10)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-336098, filed on 18 Jun 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6489344  
PRAI US 1998-89978P 19980619 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP CHIRON CORPORATION, Intellectual Property - R440, P.O. Box 8097, Emeryville, CA, 94662-8097  
CLMN Number of Claims: 88  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 10031

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB New pyrimidine or pyridine based compounds, compositions and methods of inhibiting the activity of glycogen synthase kinase (GSK3) in vitro and of treatment of GSK3 mediated disorders in vivo are provided. The methods, compounds and compositions of the invention may be employed alone, or in combination with other pharmacologically active agents in the treatment of disorders mediated by GSK3 activity, such as in the treatment of diabetes, Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders, **obesity**, atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, essential hypertension, polycystic ovary syndrome, syndrome X, ischemia, traumatic brain injury, bipolar disorder, immunodeficiency or cancer.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180749 USPATFULL

TI Methods of diagnosis of ovarian cancer, compositions and methods of screening for modulators of ovarian cancer

IN Mack, David H., Menlo Park, CA, UNITED STATES

Gish, Kurt C., San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Eos Biotechnology, Inc., South San Francisco, CA (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124579 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-235399 A1 20020904 (10)

PRAI US 2002-372246P 20020412 (60)

US 2001-350666P 20011113 (60)

US 2001-317544P 20010905 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 7005

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Described herein are genes whose expression are up-regulated or down-regulated in ovarian cancer. Related methods and compositions that can be used for diagnosis and treatment of ovarian cancer are disclosed. Also described herein are methods that can be used to identify modulators of ovarian cancer.

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:146816 USPATFULL

TI Beta-amino heterocyclic dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes

IN Edmondson, Scott D., New York, NJ, UNITED STATES

Fisher, Michael H., Ringoes, NJ, UNITED STATES

Kim, Dooseop, Westfield, NJ, UNITED STATES

Maccoss, Malcolm, Freehold, NJ, UNITED STATES

Parmee, Emma R., Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES

Weber, Ann E., Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jinyou, Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003100563 A1 20030529

AI US 2002-189603 A1 20020705 (10)

PRAI US 2001-303474P 20010706 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MERCK AND CO INC, P O BOX 2000, RAHWAY, NJ, 070650907

CLMN Number of Claims: 40

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1910

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is directed to compounds which are inhibitors of the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme ("DP-IV inhibitors") and which are useful in the treatment or prevention of diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes. The invention is also directed to pharmaceutical compositions comprising these compounds and the use of these compounds and compositions in the prevention or treatment of such diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved.

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:120142 USPATFULL  
TI DNA encoding a human melanin concentrating hormone receptor (MCH1) and uses thereof  
IN Borowsky, Beth, Montclair, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Blackburn, Thomas P., Hoboken, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Ogozalek, Kristine, Rochelle Park, NJ, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003082623 A1 20030501  
AI US 2001-899732 A1 20010705 (9)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-610635, filed on 5 Jul 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-US31169, filed on 30 Dec 1999, UNKNOWN Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-224426, filed on 31 Dec 1998, PATENTED  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP Cooper & Dunham LLP, 1185 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY, 10036  
CLMN Number of Claims: 207  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 27 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 12109

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides an isolated nucleic acid encoding a human MCH1 receptor, a purified human MCH1 receptor, vectors comprising isolated nucleic acid encoding a human MCH1 receptor, cells comprising such vectors, antibodies directed to a human MCH1 receptor, nucleic acid probes useful for detecting nucleic acid encoding human MCH1 receptors, antisense oligonucleotides complementary to unique sequences of nucleic acid encoding human MCH1 receptors, transgenic, nonhuman animals which express DNA encoding a normal or mutant human MCH1 receptor, methods of isolating a human MCH1 receptor, methods of treating an abnormality that is linked to the activity of a human MCH1 receptor, as well as methods of determining binding of compounds to mammalian MCH1 receptors. This invention provides a method of modifying the feeding behavior of a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to decrease the body mass of the subject and/or decrease the consumption of food by the subject. This invention further provides a method of treating a subject suffering from depression and/or anxiety which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to treat the subject's depression and/or anxiety.

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:120054 USPATFULL  
TI Methods for genetic analysis of DNA to detect sequence variances  
IN Stanton, Vincent P., JR., Belmont, MA, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003082537 A1 20030501  
AI US 2001-863733 A1 20010523 (9)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-697028, filed on 25 Oct 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-696998, filed on 25 Oct 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-967013, filed on 28 Sep 2001, PENDING  
PRAI US 2000-206613P 20000523 (60)  
DT Utility

FS APPLICATION  
LREP ANITA L. MEIKLEJOHN, PH.D., Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street,  
Boston, MA, 02110-2804  
CLMN Number of Claims: 72  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 43 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 5382

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for determining genotypes and haplotypes of genes are described.  
Also described are single nucleotide polymorphisms and haplotypes in the  
ApoE gene and methods of using that information.

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:112968 USPATFULL  
TI DNA encoding a human melanin concentrating hormone receptor (MCH1) and  
uses thereof  
IN Forray, Carlos, Paramus, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Salon, John A., Santa Paula, CA, UNITED STATES  
Laz, Thomas M., Parlin, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Nagorny, Raisa, Fairlawn, NY, UNITED STATES  
Wilson, Amy E., Woodstock, NY, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003077701 A1 20030424  
AI US 2001-29314 A1 20011220 (10)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-899732, filed on 5 Jul 2001, PENDING  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-610635, filed on 5 Jul 2000,  
ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-US31169, filed on 30  
Dec 1999, UNKNOWN Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-224426, filed  
on 31 Dec 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6221613  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP John P. White, Cooper & Dunham LLP, 1185 Avenue of the Americas, New  
York, NY, 10036  
CLMN Number of Claims: 207  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 27 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 12095

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides an isolated nucleic acid encoding a human MCH1  
receptor, a purified human MCH1 receptor, vectors comprising isolated  
nucleic acid encoding a human MCH1 receptor, cells comprising such  
vectors, antibodies directed to a human MCH1 receptor, nucleic acid  
probes useful for detecting nucleic acid encoding human MCH1 receptors,  
antisense oligonucleotides complementary to unique sequences of nucleic  
acid encoding human MCH1 receptors, transgenic, nonhuman animals which  
express DNA encoding a normal or mutant human MCH1 receptor, methods of  
isolating a human MCH1 receptor, methods of treating an abnormality that  
is linked to the activity of a human MCH1 receptor, as well as methods  
of determining binding of compounds to mammalian MCH1 receptors. This  
invention provides a method of modifying the feeding behavior of a  
subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an  
MCH1 antagonist effective to decrease the body mass of the subject  
and/or decrease the consumption of food by the subject. This invention  
further provides a method of treating a subject suffering from  
depression and/or anxiety which comprises administering to the subject  
an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to treat the subject's  
depression and/or anxiety.

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:106190 USPATFULL  
TI Restriction enzyme genotyping  
IN Olson, Jeffrey, Chelmsford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Zillmann, Martin, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES

Stanton, Vincent P., JR., Belmont, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003073101 A1 20030417

AI US 2002-116420 A1 20020404 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-863733, filed on 23 May 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-697028, filed on 25 Oct 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-696998, filed on 25 Oct 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-697013, filed on 25 Oct 2000, PENDING

PRAI US 2000-206613P 20000523 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ANITA L. MEIKLEJOHN, PH.D., Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA, 02110-2804

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 45 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4670

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for determining genotypes and haplotypes of genes are described. Also described are single nucleotide polymorphisms and haplotypes in the ApoE gene and methods of using that information.

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:100150 USPATFULL

TI Selective melanin concentrating hormone-1 (MCH1) receptor antagonists and uses thereof

IN Marzabadi, Mohammad R., Ridgewood, NJ, UNITED STATES

Wetzel, John, Fairlawn, NJ, UNITED STATES

DeLeon, John E., North Bergen, NJ, UNITED STATES

Lagu, Bharat, Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES

Gluchowski, Charles, Danville, CA, UNITED STATES

Noble, Stewart, Lake Forest, IL, UNITED STATES

Nagarathnam, Dhanapalan, Bethany, CT, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003069261 A1 20030410

AI US 2001-899635 A1 20010705 (9)

PRAI US 2000-216218P 20000705 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Cooper & Dunham LLP, 1185 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY, 10036

CLMN Number of Claims: 90

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 5622

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention is directed to compounds which are selective antagonists for melanin concentrating hormone-1 (MCH1) receptors. The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. This invention provides a pharmaceutical composition made by combining a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of this invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. This invention further provides a process for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising combining a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

This invention also provides a method of modifying feeding behavior of a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to decrease the consumption of food by the subject. This invention further provides a method of treating a feeding disorder in a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to decrease the consumption of food by the subject. In an embodiment of the

invention, the feeding disorder is bulimia, bulimia nervosa or obesity.

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:81737 USPATFULL  
TI Tricyclic **dihydropyrimidine** potassium channel openers  
IN Holladay, Mark W., Tucson, AZ, United States  
Carroll, William A., Evanston, IL, United States  
Drizin, Irene, Wadsworth, IL, United States  
Yi, Lin, Gurnee, IL, United States  
Zhang, Henry Q., Grayslake, IL, United States  
PA Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6538000 B1 20030325  
AI US 2000-709923 20001110 (9)  
PRAI US 1999-166491P 19991119 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shah, Mukund J.; Assistant Examiner: Liu, Hong  
LREP Chen, Portia, Ward, Michael J.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 55  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 3017  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Compounds of formula (I) ##STR1##

are useful in treating diseases prevented by or ameliorated with potassium channel openers. Also disclosed are potassium channel opening compositions and a method of opening potassium channels in a mammal.

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:78501 USPATFULL  
TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies  
IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES  
Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003054421 A1 20030320  
AI US 2002-102806 A1 20020322 (10)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-925298, filed on 10 Aug 2001, PENDING  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5881, filed on 8 Mar 2000,  
UNKNOWN  
PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850  
CLMN Number of Claims: 24  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 20141  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to novel ovarian cancer and/or breast cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "ovarian and/or breast antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the ovaries and/or breast, including, but not limited to, the presence of ovarian and/or breast cancer and ovarian and/or breast cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated ovarian and/or breast nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides. Novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors,

host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the ovaries and/or breast, including ovarian and/or breast cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:30941 USPATFULL  
TI Heterocyclic **dihydropyrimidine** compounds  
IN Atwal, Karnail S., Newtown, PA, UNITED STATES  
Vaccaro, Wayne, Yardley, PA, UNITED STATES  
Lloyd, John, Yardley, PA, UNITED STATES  
Finlay, Heather, Lawrenceville, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Yan, Lin, Princeton, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Bhandaru, Rao S., Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003022890 A1 20030130  
AI US 2000-729731 A1 20001205 (9)  
PRAI US 2000-236037P 20000928 (60)  
US 1999-169091P 19991206 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O  
BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000  
CLMN Number of Claims: 60  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 7238  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Novel heterocyclic **dihydropyrimidine** compounds useful as  
inhibitors of potassium channel function (especially inhibitors of the  
K.<sub>sub.v1</sub> subfamily of voltage gated K.<sup>sup.+</sup> channels, especially  
inhibitors K.<sub>sub.v1.5</sub> which has been linked to the ultra-rapidly  
activating delayed rectifier K.<sup>sup.+</sup> current I.<sub>sub.Kur</sub>), methods of  
using such compounds in the prevention and treatment of arrhythmia and  
I.<sub>sub.Kur</sub>-associated conditions, and pharmaceutical compositions  
containing such compounds.

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:17975 USPATFULL  
TI New monocyclic derivatives of aryl alkanoic acids and their use in  
medicine: process for their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions  
containing them  
IN Iqbal, Javed, Hyderabad, INDIA  
Madhavan, Gurram Ranga, Hyderabad, INDIA  
Das, Saibal Kumar, Hyderabad, INDIA  
Bhunia, Debnath, Hyderabad, INDIA  
Chakrabarti, Ranjan, Hyderabad, INDIA  
Rajagopalan, Ramanujam, Hyderabad, INDIA  
PA DR. REDDY'S LABORATORIES LTD. (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2003013729 A1 20030116  
AI US 2002-119300 A1 20020408 (10)  
PRAI IN 2001-3012001 20010409  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP Ladas & Parry, 26 West 61 Street, New York, NY, 10023  
CLMN Number of Claims: 22

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 4579

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel hypolipidemic, antihyperglycemic compounds, their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them. More particularly, the present invention relates to novel .beta.-aryl-.alpha.-oxysubstituted alkylcarboxylic acids of the general formula (I), their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them. ##STR1##

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:13310 USPATFULL

TI Carboxylic acid derivatives and drugs containing the same as the active ingredient

IN Tajima, Hisao, Osaka, JAPAN

Nakayama, Yoshisuke, Osaka, JAPAN

Fukushima, Daikichi, Osaka, JAPAN

PA ONO Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, JAPAN (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 6506757 B1 20030114

WO 9946232 19990916

AI US 2000-623913 20000911 (9)

WO 1999-JP1134 19990309

20000911 PCT 371 date

PRAI JP 1998-58444 19980310

JP 1998-87560 19980331

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Rao, Deepak R.

LREP Sughrue Mion, PLLC

CLMN Number of Claims: 10

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4481

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A peroxisome proliferator activated receptor regulator containing a carboxylic acid derivative of formula (I) ##STR1##

(wherein all symbols are as defined in the specification), a non-toxic acid thereof or a hydrate thereof as active ingredient. Because of having an effect of regulating PPAR, a compound of formula (I) is useful as a hypoglycemic agent, a hypolipidemic agent, a preventive and/or a remedy for diseases associating metabolic disorders (diabetes, **obesity**, syndrome X, hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipoproteinemia, etc.), hyperlipemia, atherosclerosis, hypertension, circulatory diseases, overeating, coronary heart diseases, etc., an HDL cholesterol-elevating agent, an LDL cholesterol and/or VLDL cholesterol-lowering agent and a drug for relief from risk factors of diseases or syndrome X.

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:317438 USPATFULL

TI Inhibitors of glycogen synthase kinase 3

IN Nuss, John M., Danville, CA, United States

Harrison, Stephen D., Berkeley, CA, United States

Ring, David B., Palo Alto, CA, United States

Boyce, Rustum S., San Francisco, CA, United States

Brown, Sean P., Emeryville, CA, United States  
Goff, Dane A., Redwood City, CA, United States  
Johnson, Kirk W., Moraga, CA, United States  
Pfister, Keith B., El Cerrito, CA, United States  
Ramurthy, Savithri, Walnut Creek, CA, United States  
Renhowe, Paul A., Danville, CA, United States  
Seely, Lynn, Burlingame, CA, United States  
Subramanian, Sharadha, San Ramon, CA, United States  
Wagman, Allan S., Oakland, CA, United States  
Zhou, Xiaohui A., Berkeley, CA, United States

PA Chiron Corporation, Emeryville, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6489344 B1 20021203

AI US 1999-336098 19990618 (9)

PRAI US 1998-89978P 19980618 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ford, John M.

LREP Shelton, Dennis K., Lentini, David P., Blackburn, Robert P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 34

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10002

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB New pyrimidine or pyridine based compounds, compositions and methods of inhibiting the activity of glycogen synthase kinase (GSK3) in vitro and of treatment of GSK3 mediated disorders in vivo are provided. The methods, compounds and compositions of the invention may be employed alone, or in combination with other pharmacologically active agents in the treatment of disorders mediated by GSK3 activity, such as in the treatment of diabetes, Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders, **obesity**, atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, essential hypertension, polycystic ovary syndrome, syndrome X, ischemia, traumatic brain injury, bipolar disorder, immunodeficiency or cancer.

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:301630 USPATFULL

TI Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of heterocyclic compounds

IN Gaddam, Om Reddy, Hyderabad, INDIA

Batchu, Chandra Sekhar, Hyderabad, INDIA

Potlapally, Rajender Kumar, Hyderabad, INDIA

Mamillapalli, Ramabhadra Sarma, Hyderabad, INDIA

Paraselli, Bheema Rao, Hyderabad, INDIA

Mamidi, Naga Venkata Srinivasa Rao, Hyderabad, INDIA

PA DR. REDDY'S LABORATORIES LTD. (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002169175 A1 20021114

AI US 2002-67094 A1 20020204 (10)

PRAI US 2001-266595P 20010205 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LADAS & PARRY, 26 WEST 61ST STREET, NEW YORK, NY, 10023

CLMN Number of Claims: 65

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 3785

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the general formula (I), their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them. ##STR1##

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:295180 USPATFULL  
TI Estrogen receptor modulators  
IN DiNinno, Frank P., Old Bridge, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Wu, Jane Y., Marlboro, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Kim, Seongkon, Holmdel, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Chen, Helen Y., Livingston, NJ, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002165226 A1 20021107  
AI US 2002-120723 A1 20020411 (10)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2001-US42735, filed on 15 Oct 2001,  
UNKNOWN  
PRAI US 2000-241582P 20001019 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP MERCK AND CO INC, P O BOX 2000, RAHWAY, NJ, 070650907  
CLMN Number of Claims: 37  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 4292

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to compounds and derivatives thereof, their synthesis, and their use as estrogen receptor modulators. The compounds of the instant invention are ligands for estrogen receptors and as such may be useful for treatment or prevention of a variety of conditions related to estrogen functioning including: bone loss, bone fractures, osteoporosis, cartilage degeneration, endometriosis, uterine fibroid disease, hot flashes, increased levels of LDL cholesterol, cardiovascular disease, impairment of cognitive functioning, cerebral degenerative disorders, restenosis, gynecomastia, vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation, **obesity**, incontinence, and cancer, in particular of the breast, uterus and prostate.

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:290732 USPATFULL  
TI Methods for genetic analysis of DNA using biased amplification of polymorphic sites  
IN Stanton, Jr., Vincent P., Belmont, MA, United States  
PA Variagenics, Inc., Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6475736 B1 20021105  
AI US 2000-696998 20001025 (9)  
PRAI US 2000-206613P 20000523 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Benzion, Gary; Assistant Examiner: Chunduru, Suryaprabha  
LREP Fish & Richardson, P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 5  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 35 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 4417

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for determining genotypes and haplotypes of genes are described. Also described are single nucleotide polymorphisms and haplotypes in the ApoE gene and methods of using that information.

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:280641 USPATFULL  
TI Inhibitors of glycogen synthase kinase 3  
IN Nuss, John M., Danville, CA, UNITED STATES  
Harrison, Stephen D., Albany, CA, UNITED STATES  
Ring, David B., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Boyce, Rustum S., San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES  
Johnson, Kirk, Moraga, CA, UNITED STATES

Pfister, Keith B., San Ramon, CA, UNITED STATES  
Ramurthy, Savithri, Walnut Creek, CA, UNITED STATES  
Seely, Lynn, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES  
Wagman, Allan S., Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES  
Desai, Manjo, Pleasant Hill, CA, UNITED STATES  
Levine, Barry H., Lafayayette, CA, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002156087 A1 20021024  
AI US 2001-949035 A1 20010906 (9)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-336038, filed on 18 Jun 1999,  
GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6417185  
PRAI US 2000-230480P 20000906 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP CHRISTENSEN, O'CONNOR, JOHNSON, KINDNESS, PLLC, 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE  
2800, SEATTLE, WA, 98101-2347  
CLMN Number of Claims: 103  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 10429  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB New pyrimidine or pyridine based compounds, compositions and methods of  
inhibiting the activity of glycogen synthase kinase (GSK3) in vitro and  
of treatment of GSK3 mediated disorders in vivo are provided. The  
methods, compounds and compositions of the invention may be employed  
alone, or in combination with other pharmacologically active agents in  
the treatment of disorders mediated by GSK3 activity, such as diabetes,  
Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders,  
**obesity**, atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, essential  
hypertension, polycystic ovary syndrome, syndrome X, ischemia, traumatic  
brain injury, bipolar disorder, immunodeficiency or cancer.

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:213697 USPATFULL  
TI Genome-based personalized medicine  
IN Papadopoulos, Nickolas, Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES  
Yan, Hai, Baltimore, MD, UNITED STATES  
Vogelstein, Bert, Baltimore, MD, UNITED STATES  
Kinzler, Kenneth W., Bel Air, MD, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002115073 A1 20020822  
AI US 2001-784305 A1 20010216 (9)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP BANNER & WITCOFF, 1001 G STREET N W, SUITE 1100, WASHINGTON, DC, 20001  
CLMN Number of Claims: 70  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1187  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Individual alleles can be isolated from every chromosome within somatic  
cell hybrids generated from a single fusion event. Nucleic acids or  
proteins from the hybrids can be analyzed for polymorphisms to provide  
unambiguous determinations. Information thus obtained can be used to  
develop and implement personalized medical interventions for individuals  
having particular polymorphic markers.

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:192144 USPATFULL  
TI New monocyclic compounds and their use in medicine: process for their  
preparation and pharmaceutical compositions containing them  
IN Gurram, Ranga Madhavan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Akella, Venkateswarlu, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Ramanujam, Rajagopalan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA

Chakrabarti, Ranjan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Misra, Parimal, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Lohray, Vidya Bhushan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Lohray, Braj Bhushan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Paraselli, Rao Bheema, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
PA DR. REDDY'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION & REDDY-CHEMINOR, INC. (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2002103215 A1 20020801  
AI US 2002-41384 A1 20020108 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-507371, filed on 18 Feb 2000, PATENTED  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-179002, filed on 26 Oct 1998,  
PENDING

PRAI IN 1997-242097 19971027  
US 1998-82825P 19980423 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ladas & Parry, 26 West 61st Street, New York, NY, 10023

CLMN Number of Claims: 59

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 3465

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel antiobesity and  
hypcholesterolemic compounds, their derivatives, their analogs, their  
tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their  
pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable  
solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them.  
More particularly, the present invention relates to novel  
.beta.-aryl-.alpha.-oxysubstituted alkylcarboxylic acids of the general  
formula (I), ##STR1##

their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their  
stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable  
salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically  
acceptable compositions containing them. The present invention also  
relates to a process for the preparation of the above said novel  
compounds, their analogs, their derivatives, their tautomeric forms,  
their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable  
salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutical  
compositions containing them. The present invention also relates to  
novel intermediates, processes for their preparation and their use in  
the preparation of compounds of formula (I).

L3 ANSWER 22 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:192140 USPATFULL

TI TRICYCLIC FUSED XANTHINE COMPOUNDS AND THEIR USES

IN Gong, Baoqing, Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES

Klein, J. Peter, Vashon, WA, UNITED STATES

Coon, Michael, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Cell Therapeutics, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002103211 A1 20020801

US 6586429 B2 20030701

AI US 2000-725016 A1 20001129 (9)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP WILLEM F. GADIANO, ESQ., McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY, 600 13th Street, N.W.,  
Washington, DC, 20005

CLMN Number of Claims: 29

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 2719

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel tricyclic compounds are found to be useful for the treatment or prevention of symptoms or manifestations associated with diseases or disorders affected by cytokine intracellular signaling.

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:78774 USPATFULL  
TI Zwitterionic tachykinin receptor antagonists  
IN Finke, Paul E., Milltown, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Meurer, Laura C., Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Mills, Sander G., Scotch Plains, NJ, UNITED STATES  
MacCoss, Malcolm, Freehold, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Qi, Hongbo, Edison, NJ, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002042431 A1 20020411  
US 6479518 B2 20021112  
AI US 2001-957965 A1 20010921 (9)  
PRAI US 2000-234490P 20000922 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP MERCK AND CO INC, P O BOX 2000, RAHWAY, NJ, 070650907  
CLMN Number of Claims: 22  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 3984  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention is directed to certain novel compounds represented by structural formula I: ##STR1##

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R.<sup>sup.3</sup>, R.<sup>sup.5</sup>, R.<sup>sup.6</sup>, R.<sup>sup.7</sup>, R.<sup>sup.8</sup>, R.<sup>sup.11</sup>, R.<sup>sup.12</sup> R.<sup>sup.13</sup>, Q, W, X, Y and Z are defined herein. The invention is also concerned with pharmaceutical formulations comprising these novel compounds as active ingredients and the use of the novel compounds and their formulations in the treatment of certain disorders. The compounds of this invention are tachykinin receptor antagonists and are useful in the treatment of psychiatric disorders including depression and anxiety.

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:75442 USPATFULL  
TI Monocyclic compounds and their use in medicine: process for their preparation and pharmaceutical compositions containing them  
IN Gurram, Ranga Madhavan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Akella, Venkateswarlu, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Ramanujam, Rajagopalan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Chakrabarti, Ranjan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Misra, Parimal, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Lohray, Vidya Bhushan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Lohray, Braj Bhushan, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
Paraselli, Rao Bheema, Ameerpet Hyderabad, INDIA  
PA Dr. Reddy's Research Foundation, INDIA (non-U.S. corporation)  
Reddy-Cheminor Inc., Ridgewood, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6369067 B1 20020409  
AI US 2000-507371 20000218 (9)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-179002, filed on 26 Oct 1998  
PRAI IN 1997-242097 19971027  
US 1998-82825P 19980423 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Raymond, Richard L.  
LREP Ladas & Parry  
CLMN Number of Claims: 59  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3441

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel antiobesity and hypocholesterolemic compounds, their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them. More particularly, the present invention relates to novel .beta.-aryl-.alpha.-oxysubstituted alkylcarboxylic acids of the general formula (I), ##STR1##

their derivatives, their analogs, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, their pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions containing them. The present invention also relates to a process for the preparation of the above said novel compounds, their analogs, their derivatives, their tautomeric forms, their stereoisomers, their polymorphs, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutically acceptable solvates and pharmaceutical compositions containing them. The present invention also relates to novel intermediates, processes for their preparation and their use in the preparation of compounds of formula (I).

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:72627 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic, acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES

Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002039764 A1 20020404

AI US 2001-925298 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5881, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 20087

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel ovarian cancer and/or breast cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "ovarian and/or breast antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the ovaries and/or breast, including, but not limited to, the presence of ovarian and/or breast cancer and ovarian and/or breast cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated ovarian and/or breast nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides. Novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the ovaries and/or breast, including ovarian and/or breast cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention.

The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:63746 USPATFULL  
TI Solid phase synthesis of heterocycles  
IN Munoz, Benito, San Diego, CA, United States  
Chen, Chixu, Carlsbad, CA, United States  
PA Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6362009 B1 20020326  
AI US 1997-975944 19971121 (8)  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Venkat, Jyothsna; Assistant Examiner: Garcia, Maurie E.  
LREP Lee, Shu Muk, Rose, David L.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 24  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 4604  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Methods for solid phase and combinatorial synthesis using a resin activation/capture approach are provided. In particular, methods for the production of dihydropyridones, N-acylidihydropyridones, tetrahydropyridones, pyridines, aminopyridines, N-acyltetrahydropyridines and tetrahydropyridines compounds and libraries containing such compounds are provided. Methods for screening the libraries and compounds and pharmaceutical compositions containing compounds prepared by the methods are provided.

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:55155 USPATFULL  
TI Human single nucleotide polymorphisms  
IN Cargill, Michele, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Ireland, James S., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES  
Lander, Eric S., Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES  
PA Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2002032319 A1 20020314  
AI US 2001-801274 A1 20010307 (9)  
PRAI US 2000-187510P 20000307 (60)  
US 2000-206129P 20000522 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP HAMILTON BROOK SMITH AND REYNOLDS, P.C., TWO MILITIA DR, LEXINGTON, MA, 02421-4799  
CLMN Number of Claims: 12  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 8981  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from genes including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:50972 USPATFULL

TI Pyrazolopyridine adenosine antagonists  
IN Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, JAPAN  
Nishimura, Shintaro, Settsu, JAPAN  
Itani, Hiromichi, Hyogo, JAPAN  
Durkin, Kieran P. M., Folsom, CA, United States  
PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, JAPAN (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6355640 B1 20020312  
AI US 1998-72696 19980506 (9)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 663119, now patented, Pat. No. US 5773530  
PRAI GB 1993-26524 19931229  
GB 1994-4323 19940304  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Coleman, Brenda  
LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 4088  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to a novel pyrazolopyridine compound of the following formula: ##STR1##

wherein

R.<sup>sup.1</sup> is aryl, and

R.<sup>sup.2</sup> is cyclo(lower)alkyl which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), etc;

and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which is useful as a medicament; the processes for the preparation of said pyrazolopyridine compound or a salt thereof; a pharmaceutical composition comprising said pyrazolopyridine compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; etc.

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2001:10891 USPATFULL  
TI Dihydropyrazine derivatives as NPY antagonists  
IN Sit, Sing-Yuen, Meriden, CT, United States  
Huang, Yazhong, West Haven, CT, United States  
PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Princeton, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6177429 B1 20010123  
AI US 2000-587817 20000606 (9)  
PRAI US 1999-140343P 19990621 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Bernhardt, Emily  
LREP Algieri, Aldo A.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 718  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a series of non-peptidergic antagonists of NPY comprising piperidine and piperazine derivatives of 4-phenyl-1,4-dihydropyrazines of the Formula I ##STR1##

wherein R, R.<sup>sup.1</sup> X, Y and Z are defined herein. As antagonists of NPY-induced feeding behavior, these compounds are expected to act as effective anorexiant agents in promoting weight loss and treating eating

disorders.

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2000:105920 USPATFULL  
TI Aryl- and arylamino- substituted heterocycles as corticotropin releasing hormone antagonists  
IN Cocuzza, Anthony J., Wilmington, DE, United States  
Hobbs, Frank W., Wilmington, DE, United States  
Beck, James P., Smyrna, DE, United States  
Gilligan, Paul J., Wilmington, DE, United States  
PA DuPont Pharmaceuticals Company, Wilmington, DE, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6103737 20000815  
AI US 1998-109395 19980702 (9)  
PRAI US 1997-51745P 19970703 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lee, Howard C.; Assistant Examiner: White, Everett  
LREP O'Brien, Maureen P., Rubin, Kenneth B.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 1869  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Corticotropin releasing factor (CRF) antagonists of formula I: ##STR1## and their use in treating psychiatric disorders and neurological diseases, anxiety-related disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, supranuclear palsy and feeding disorders as well as treatment of immunological, cardiovascular or heart-related diseases and colonic hypersensitivity associated with psychopathological disturbance and stress in mammals.

L3 ANSWER 31 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2000:54132 USPATFULL  
TI 2-imidazoline, 2-oxazoline, 2-thiazoline, and 4-imidazole derivatives of methylphenyl, methoxyphenyl, and aminophenyl alkylsulfonamides and ureas and their use  
IN Cournoyer, Richard Leo, San Francisco, CA, United States  
Keitz, Paul Francis, Redwood City, CA, United States  
O'Yang, Counde, Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
Yasuda, Dennis Mitsugu, Campbell, CA, United States  
PA F. Hoffman La Roche AG, Basel, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6057349 20000502  
AI US 1999-264467 19990308 (9)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-89779, filed on 3 Jun 1998, now patented, Pat. No. US 5952362  
PRAI US 1998-75978P 19980225 (60)  
US 1997-50479P 19970623 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Geist, Gary; Assistant Examiner: Sackey, Ebenezer  
LREP Clark, Janet Pauline, Kaku, Janet K.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 9  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 4097

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns novel compounds represented by the Formula: ##STR1## wherein: A is R.sup.1.sub.q (R.sup.3 R.sup.60 N).sub.m (Z) (NR.sup.2).sub.n ; m and q are each 0 or 1, with the proviso that when q is 1, m is 0 and when q is 0, m is 1; Z is C.dbd.O or SO.sub.2 ; n is 1 with the proviso that, when Z is C.dbd.O, m is 1; X is --NH--,

--CH.<sub>2</sub>--, or --OCH.<sub>2</sub>--; Y is [2-imidazoline, 2-oxazoline] 2-thiazoline, [or 4-imidazole] R.<sup>1</sup> is H, lower alkyl, or phenyl, with the proviso that, when R.<sup>1</sup> is H, m is 1; R.<sup>2</sup>, R.<sup>3</sup>, R.<sup>60</sup> are each independently H, lower alkyl, or phenyl; R.<sup>4</sup>, R.<sup>5</sup>, R.<sup>6</sup>, and R.<sup>7</sup> are each independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, --CF.<sub>3</sub>, lower alkoxy, halogen, phenyl, lower alkeny, hydroxyl, lower alkylsulfonamido, or lower cycloalkyl, wherein R.<sup>2</sup> and R.<sup>7</sup> optionally may be taken together to form alkylene or alkenylene of 2 to 3 atoms in an unsubstituted or optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered ring, wherein the optional substituents on the ring are halo, lower alkyl, or --CN, with the proviso that, when R.<sup>7</sup> is hydroxyl or lower alkylsulfonamido, then X is not --NH-- when Y is 2-imidazoline. The compounds include pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the above. In the above formula A may be, for example, (R.<sup>1</sup>SO.<sub>2</sub>NR.<sup>2</sup>--), (R.<sup>3</sup>R.<sup>60</sup>NSO.<sub>2</sub>NR.<sup>2</sup>--), or (R.<sup>3</sup>R.<sup>60</sup>NCONR.<sup>2</sup>--). The invention also includes the use of the above compounds, and compositions containing them, as alpha.<sub>1A/1L</sub> agonists in the treatment of various disease states such as urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as **obesity**, bulimia, and anorexia.

L3 ANSWER 32 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
 AN 1999:110351 USPATFULL  
 TI 2-imidazoline, 2-oxazoline, 2-thiazoline, and 4-imidazole derivatives of methylphenyl, methoxyphenyl, and aminophenyl alkylsulfonamides and ureas and their use  
 IN Cournoyer, Richard Leo, San Francisco, CA, United States  
 Keitz, Paul Francis, Redwood City, CA, United States  
 O'Yang, Counde, Sunnyvale, CA, United States  
 Yasuda, Dennis Mitsugu, Campbell, CA, United States  
 PA Syntex (U.S.A) Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 5952362 19990914  
 AI US 1998-89779 19980603 (9)  
 PRAI US 1998-75978P 19980225 (60)  
 US 1997-50479P 19970623 (60)  
 DT Utility  
 FS Granted  
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Richter, Johann; Assistant Examiner: Sackey, Ebenezer  
 LREP Clark, Janet Pauline, Kaku, Janet K.  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 85  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN No Drawings  
 LN.CNT 4539

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns novel compounds represented by the Formula: ##STR1## wherein: A is R.<sup>1</sup>.sub.q (R.<sup>3</sup>R.<sup>60</sup>N).sub.m (Z)(NR.<sup>2</sup>).sub.n ; m and q are each 0 or 1, with the proviso that when q is 1, m is 0 and when q is 0, m is 1; Z is C.dbd.O or SO.<sub>2</sub> ; n is 1 with the proviso that, when Z is C.dbd.O, m is 1; X is --NH--, --CH.<sub>2</sub>--, or --OCH.<sub>2</sub>--; Y is 2-imidazoline, 2-oxazoline, 2-thiazoline, or 4-imidazole; R.<sup>1</sup> is H, lower alkyl, or phenyl, with the proviso that, when R.<sup>1</sup> is H, m is 1; R.<sup>2</sup>, R.<sup>3</sup>, R.<sup>60</sup> are each independently H, lower alkyl, or phenyl; R.<sup>4</sup>, R.<sup>5</sup>, R.<sup>6</sup>, and R.<sup>7</sup> are each independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, --CF.<sub>3</sub>, lower alkoxy, halogen, phenyl, lower alkeny, hydroxyl, lower alkylsulfonamido, or lower cycloalkyl, wherein R.<sup>2</sup> and R.<sup>7</sup> optionally may be taken together to form alkylene or alkenylene of 2 to 3 atoms in an unsubstituted or optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered ring, wherein the optional substituents on the ring are halo, lower alkyl, or --CN, with the proviso that, when R.<sup>7</sup> is hydroxyl or lower

alkylsulfonamido, then X is not --NH-- when Y is 2-imidazoline. The compounds include pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the above. In the above formula A may be, for example, (R.<sup>1</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>), (R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>6</sup>NSO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>), or (R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>6</sup>NCONR<sup>2</sup>). The invention also includes the use of the above compounds, and compositions containing them, as alpha<sub>1A/1L</sub> agonists in the treatment of various disease states such as urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as **obesity**, bulimia, and anorexia.

L3 ANSWER 33 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1999:40433 USPATFULL  
TI Dihydropyrimidone derivatives as NPY antagonists  
IN Bruce, Marc A., Wallingford, CT, United States  
Poindexter, Graham S., Old Saybrook, CT, United States  
Johnson, Graham, Madison, CT, United States  
PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Princeton, NJ, United States (U.S.  
corporation)  
PI US 5889016 19990330  
AI US 1998-9534 19980120  
PRAI US 1997-50893P 19970626 (60)  
US 1997-37183P 19970204 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ford, John M.  
LREP Algieri, Aldo A.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 717  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a series of non-peptidergic antagonists of NPY comprising piperidine derivatives of 4-phenyl-1,4-dihydropyrimidinones of the Formula I ##STR1## wherein R, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are defined herein. As antagonists of NPY-induced feeding behavior, these compounds are expected to act as effective anorexiant agents in promoting weight loss and treating eating disorders.

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1998:75675 USPATFULL  
TI Pyrazolopyridine adenosine antagonists  
IN Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, Japan  
Nishimura, Shintaro, Osaka, Japan  
Itani, Hiromichi, Hyogo, Japan  
Durkin, Kieran P. M., Folsom, CA, United States  
PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5773530 19980630  
WO 9518128 19950706  
AI US 1996-663119 19960913 (8)  
WO 1994-JP2230 19941226  
19960913 PCT 371 date  
19960913 PCT 102(e) date  
PRAI GB 1993-26524 19931229  
GB 1994-4323 19940304  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shah, Mukund J.; Assistant Examiner: Coleman, Brenda  
LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 10  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 4147

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a novel pyrazolopyridine compound of the following formula: ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and

R.sup.2 is cyclo(lower)alkyl which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), etc; and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which is useful as a medicament; the processes for the preparation of said pyrazolopyridine compound or a salt thereof; a pharmaceutical composition comprising said pyrazolopyridine compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; etc.

L3 ANSWER 35 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 92:84872 USPATFULL

TI Method of treatment using pyrazolopyridine compound

IN Shiokawa, Youichi, Ibaraki, Japan

Akahane, Atsushi, Kawabe, Japan

Katayama, Hirohito, Nishinomiya, Japan

Mitsunaga, Takafumi, Ashiya, Japan

PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Company, Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5155114 19921013

AI US 1991-715460 19910614 (7)

DCD 20080115

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-626009, filed on 18 Jan 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-466929, filed on 12 Dec 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 4985444, issued on 15 Jan 1991

PRAI GB 1989-1423 19890123

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Dentz, Bernard

LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt

CLMN Number of Claims: 1

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 2525

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a method for the prevention and/or treatment of renal toxicity, nephrosis or nephritis, which comprises administering a pyrazolopyridine compound of the formula: ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and

R.sup.2 is unsaturated heterocyclic group which contains at least one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a human being or an animal.

L3 ANSWER 36 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 91:5140 USPATFULL

TI Pyrazolopyridine compound and processes for preparation thereof

IN Shiokawa, Youichi, Ibaraki, Japan

Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, Japan

Katayama, Hirohito, Nishinomiya, Japan

Mitsunaga, Takafumi, Ashiya, Japan

PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 4985444 19910115

AI US 1990-466929 19900118 (7)

PRAI GB 1989-1423 19890123

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lee, Mary C.; Assistant Examiner: Dentz, Bernard I.  
LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt  
CLMN Number of Claims: 16  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 2514

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to pyrazolopyridine compounds for the treatment of melancholia, heart failure, hypertension, renal insufficiency, edema, **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, myocardial infection, thrombosis, obstruction, arteriosclerosis obliterans, thrombophlebitis, cerebral infarction, transient ischemic attack or angina pectoris, said compounds being of the formula ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and

R.sup.2 is unsaturated heterocyclic group which contains at least one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which may have one or more suitable substituent(s),

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:12:40 ON 29 JUL 2003)

FILE 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, IFIPAT, IPA, JICST-EPLUS, KOSMET, LIFESCI, MEDICONF, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, NLDB, NUTRACEUT, ...' ENTERED AT 12:12:54 ON 29 JUL 2003

L1 51 S OBESITY AND DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?  
L2 5 S L1 AND PD<1999

FILE 'USPATFULL, ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, CEN, CFR, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, FEDREGFULL, IMSPROFILES, INVESTTEXT, NLDB, NUTRACEUT, PHARMAML, PHIC, PHIN, PROMT, RDISCLOSURE, USPAT2' ENTERED AT 12:18:32 ON 29 JUL 2003

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:18:49 ON 29 JUL 2003  
L3 36 S OBESITY AND DIHYDROPYRIMIDIN?

=> s 13 and pd<1999  
2435652 PD<1999  
(PD<19990000)  
L4 3 L3 AND PD<1999

=> d 14 bib, ab, kwic

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1998:75675 USPATFULL  
TI Pyrazolopyridine adenosine antagonists  
IN Akahane, Atsushi, Hyogo, Japan  
Nishimura, Shintaro, Osaka, Japan  
Itani, Hiromichi, Hyogo, Japan  
Durkin, Kieran P. M., Folsom, CA, United States  
PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5773530 19980630 <--  
WO 9518128 19950706 <--  
AI US 1996-663119 19960913 (8)  
WO 1994-JP2230 19941226  
19960913 PCT 371 date  
19960913 PCT 102(e) date

PRAI GB 1993-26524 19931229  
GB 1994-4323 19940304  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shah, Mukund J.; Assistant Examiner: Coleman, Brenda  
LREP Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 10  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 4147

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a novel pyrazolopyridine compound of the following formula: ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 is aryl, and

R.sup.2 is cyclo(lower)alkyl which may have one or more suitable substituent(s), etc; and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which is useful as a medicament; the processes for the preparation of said pyrazolopyridine compound or a salt thereof; a pharmaceutical composition comprising said pyrazolopyridine compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; etc.

PI US 5773530 19980630 <--  
WO 9518128 19950706 <--  
SUMM . . . edema, nephrotic edema, hepatic edema, idiopathic edema, drug edema, acute angioneurotic edema, hereditary angioneurotic edema, carcinomatous ascites, gestational edema, etc); **obesity**, bronchial asthma, gout, hyperuricemia, sudden infant death syndrome, immunosuppression, diabetes, ulcer such as peptic ulcer (e.g. gastric ulcer, duodenal ulcer, . . .  
SUMM . . . or more suitable substituent(s)" may include azepinyl (e.g. 1H-azepinyl, etc) pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl and its N-oxide, dihydropyridyl, pyrimidinyl, **dihydropyrimidinyl** (e.g. 1,2-**dihydropyrimidinyl**, etc), tetrahydropyrimidinyl (e.g. 1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidinyl, etc), pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g. 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc), tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl) and the like;